# Researching the Records of Original Municipal Grants and Charters and Revisions Thereto

Brian Nelson Burford NH State Archives December 4, 2003

## Historical Records

#### Primary Sources

records created at the time an event takes place, or by a participant in the event

e.g.: Statutes

**Court Decisions** 

Reports of Perambulations

#### Secondary Sources

sources which interpret the primary sources

e.g.: Town Histories

# Township or Town

 Township is a large block of private land (it may be intended to eventually become a town)

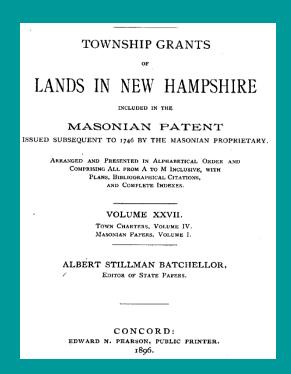
 Town is a public organization erected to maintain public order

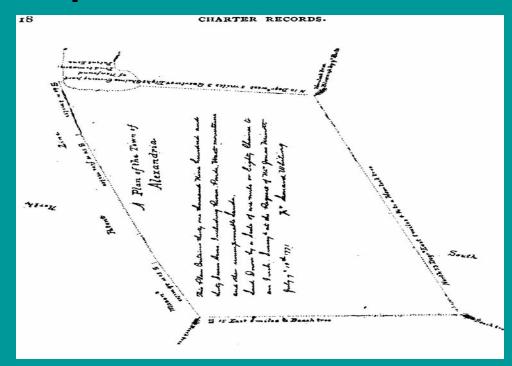
Private or Public

# Grant or Charter (Incorporation)

- Grant is the transfer of ownership
- The Charter is a legislative act incorporating a body of government and the rules that government must follow

# **Township Grants**





 Grants of land to proprietors usually did not create a political subdivision, but rather a tract of privately owned land (though owned by many individuals together)

## **Town Charters**

# Grants of political jurisdiction by the sovereign to a local corporation

Note: There were grants of ownership of the land, and there were grants of political jurisdiction. Ocassionally, there two grants were included in the same document, when the grant came from a representative of the sovereign. But "Town Charter" refers to the grant of political jurisdiction.

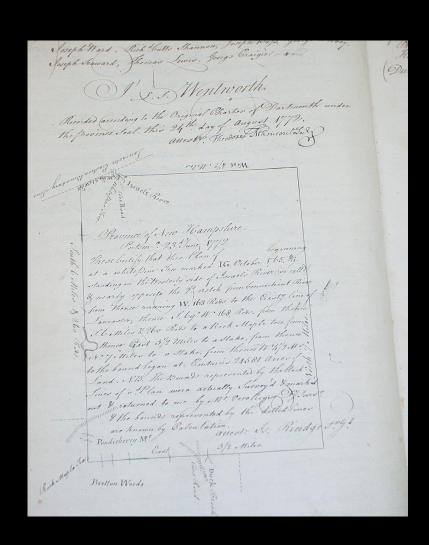
#### SOURCES OF CHARTERS

- Colonial Period
- King, through the Royal Governor
  - State Period
- State, through Act of Legislature to Incorporate

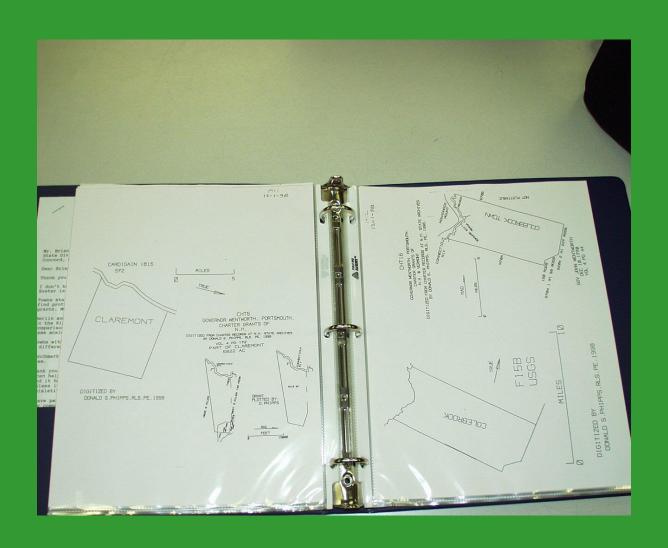




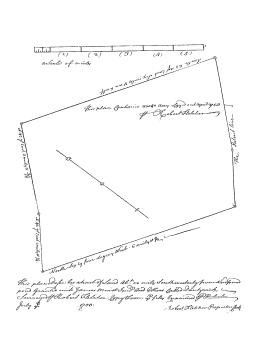
## Map of Jefferson in Town Grant



### Don Phipp's CAD drawings of Town Charters



## Masonian Plans



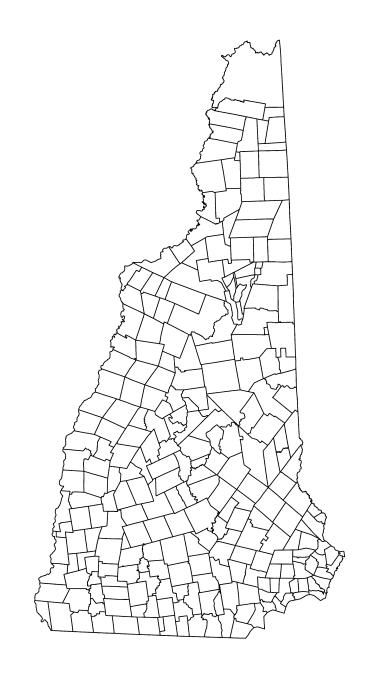
1753 survey of Dantzig (Newbury) by Robert Fletcher

# Origins of "Town Lines"

- May be the lines of the township grant
- May follow internal subdivision lines of the township
  - May be a school district or parish line

other lines

Legislature delegated to towns the privilege of creating water and sewer districts, voting district (wards)



## WHAT DO WE NEED TO KNOW?

 1. How was the town line described when it was created (and amended over time)?

#### and

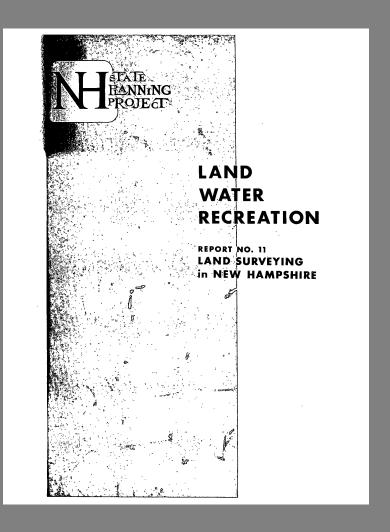
 3. Where is the documentary and physical evidence of those actions?  2. How have those descriptions been interpreted in the years since it was created?

## Quick Source

 A simple source of information about town line changes is Elton Robert's "Report #11: Land Surveying In New Hampshire", Appendix X-C

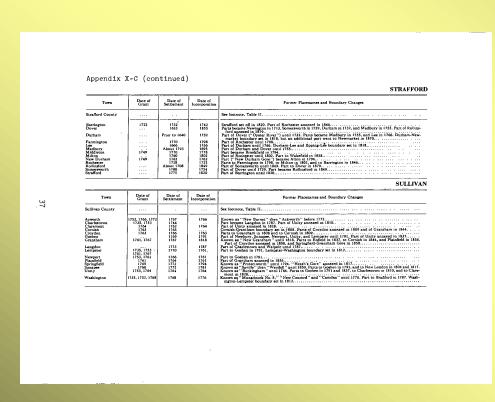
also being Appendix #3 of Manual on

Municipal Boundaries.



### What Appendix #3 Shows

#### **Five Columns:**



- Town Name
- Date Granted
- Date Settled
- Date Incorporated
- Former names and boundary changes

#### reprinted from

State Planning & Development Commission, <u>Population of New</u> <u>Hampshire</u>, <u>Part 1: Basic Data</u> <u>on growth and distribution since</u> <u>the time of settlement</u>, 1623-1940 (Concord, 1946)

## Another Quick Source

New
 Hampshire
 State Papers:
 Town Charters
 Volumes (24-29)

Notice "Granted">
"Confirmation Grant"
"Incorporated"

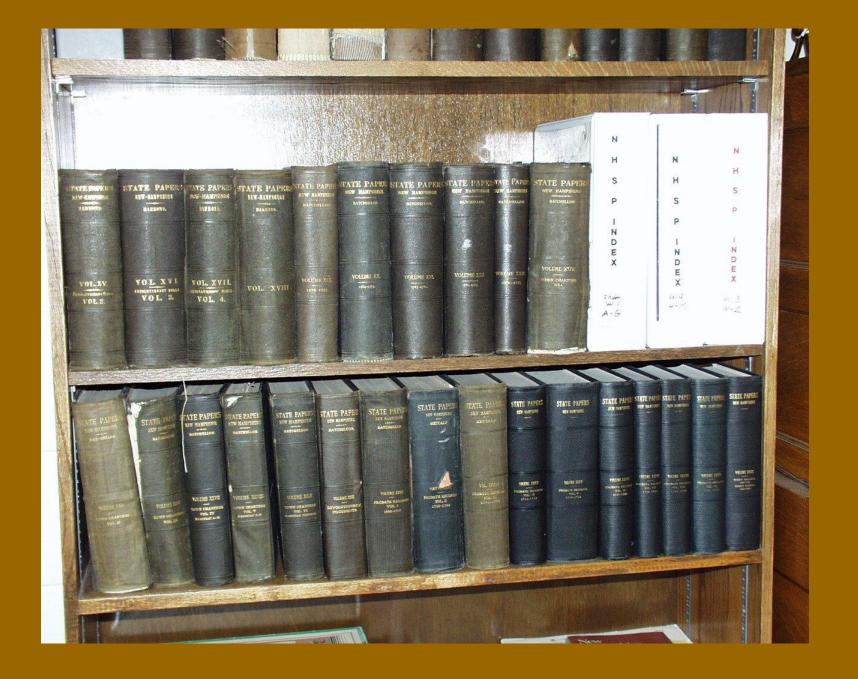
#### BOSCAWEN.

[Granted by Massachusetts as Contocout, Dec. 8, 1732, to John Coffin and others, of Newbury, Mass. The grant was confirmed by the Masonian Proprietors Jan. 10, 1758. Interporated as Boscawen April 22, 1760, and named in bonor of Admiral Edward Boscawen of the British navy. The charter was renewed Oct. 7, 1763. Webster was set off and incorporated July 4, 1860. This division was attempted in 1731, when the inhabitants of the west part of the town asked to be set off and incorporated by the name of Bristol.

See Massachusetts and New Hampshire charters in preceding volumes; 1X, Bouton Town Papers, 57; XI, Hammond Town Papers, 193; Index to Laws, 60; sketch, Hurd's History of Merrimack County, 1885, p. 189; Descriptive and Historical Account, by John Farmer, 20, Mass. Historical Society Collections, 71; Indian Troubles, 2. Farmer and Moore's Historical Collections, 75; Chromological Register, by Ebenezer Price, 1823, pp. 116; Centennial Celebration, 1876, pp. 27; History of Boscawen and Webster, by Charles Carleton Coffin, 1878, pp. 656; One Hundred and Flitieth Ausdversary of Settlement, 1883, pub. 1884, pp. 211; Memorial Addresses on Life and Character of William Pitt Pessenden, 1870; Memoirs of John Adams Dix, by Morgan Dix, 1883; Lawrence's N. H. Churches, 1866, pp. 148, 165.]

example from NHSP vol. 27, pg. 109

9



# Excerpt of the Description of Dunbarton from Volume 27 of the New Hampshire State Papers

194

CHARTER RECORDS.

Pudney & James Rogers both one Such Share Equally to them their Heirs & Assigns, Excepting as hereafter Excepted on the terms Conditions and Limitations herein after Expressed, all that Tract or parcel of Land within the Province of New Hampshire. Containing about five Miles Square more or Less Bounded as follows, viz Beginning at the Main River on the Northerly Side of a Tract of Land lately Granted by said Proprietors to Thomas Parker & others and runing Westward as far as that Tract of Land runs Joining on the Same, then running North two Degrees West five Miles & one hundred & Eighty rods, then North Seventy Nine Degrees East till it Comes to a place Called Rumford then runing South Seventeen Degrees East three hundred & forty Rods then East till it Comes to the Township of Bow, then by that till it Comes to said River and then by that till it Comes to the place where begins.—

To have and To hold to them their Heirs and Assigns as aforesaid

## Detailed Sources 1679-1883

INDEX

LAWS OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

Recorded in the Office of the

SECRETARY OF STATE.

1679—1883.

Published by Authority of the Legislature.

MANCHESTER, N. H.:

INDEX TO LAWS OF NEW HAMPSHIRE, 16	791889	-	403
	YEAR.	VOI.	PAGE.
NEW IPSWICH, — (continued):			
LIBRARY COMPANY:	'		1
incorporated	1831	28	11
COMPANY:			
incorporated [manufacturing]	1831	28	125
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incorporated	1839	34	39
MANUFACTURING COMPANY: incorporated	1847	39	319
	1847	. 39	819
BANK: incorporated	1847	39	450
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part of Wendell annexed to	1817 1842	21 35	16 93
part of, annexed to Springfield, for schooling part of Sutton annexed to, for schooling	1842	35	96
part of Wilmot annexed to, for schooling	1859	51	98
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called " N. L. Lit. & Scient. Institute "	1854 1855	46 47	297 429
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shire	1834	80	285
NEWBURY:	1		1
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nest of unneved to Bredford	1859	51	129
for schooling	1869	61	321

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## and 1885-1995

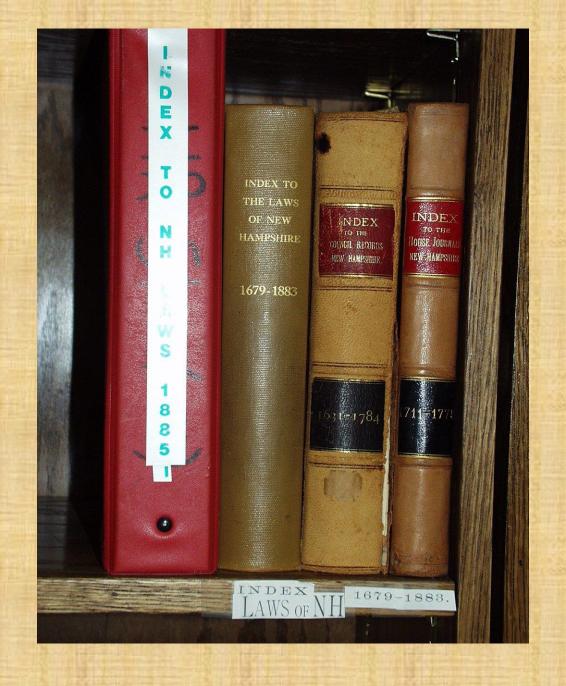
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INDEX TO
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LAWS
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Last printed: May 16, 2001
A & O Real Estate Co.(Concord 1924), charter repealed 1929:345
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        of infants, penalty 1907:5
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Abbott, Alice Weeks, name changed from Ross
Abbott, Bessie M., name changed to Ayer 1913:844
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 Abbott, Matilda Turner, name changed to Matilda M. Turner 1897:94
 Abbott, Mildred E., name changed to Bellavance 1921:326
 Abbott, Myrtle E., name changed from Potter 1909:594
 Abbott, Sarah E., name changed to Griffin 1893:67
Abbott, Sarah O., name changed from Brigham 1887:520
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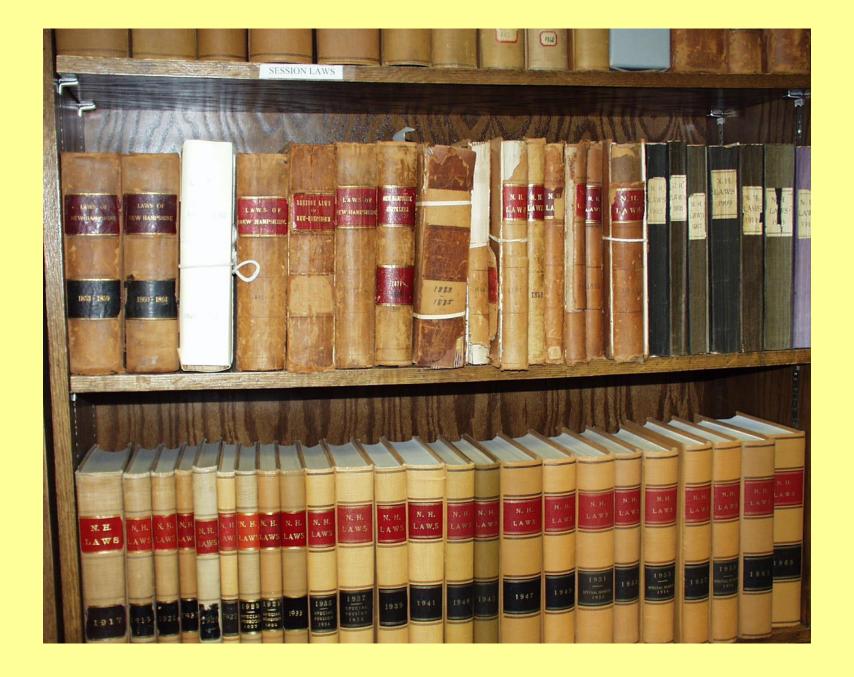
 Index to New Hampshire Laws, 1885 – 1995

Manuscript
In-Progress
Not Complete









## CREATING TOWN LINES

 The Legislature passes an act to incorporate a town, delegating certain powers of government, and describing the territory over which it has jurisdiction

or amends powers or limits of jurisdiction

# Petitions to the Legislature or Governor & Council

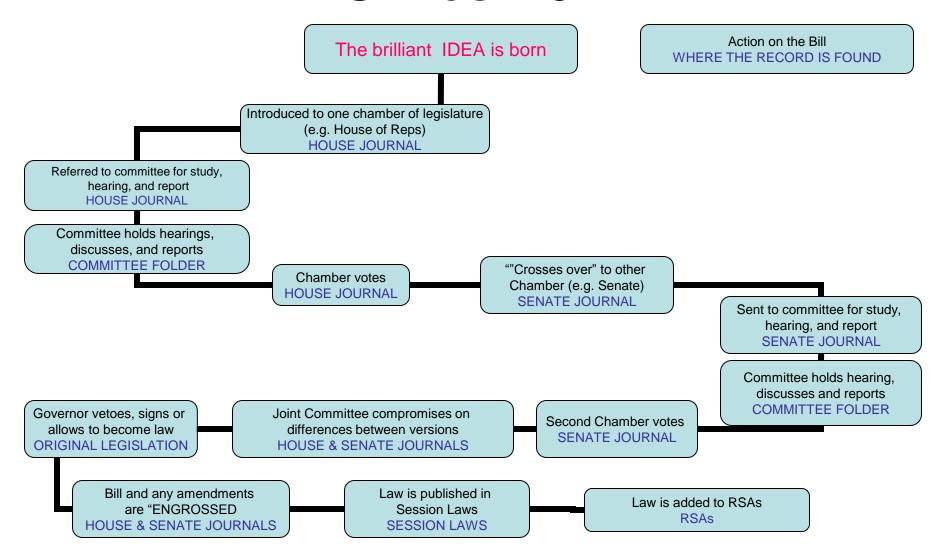
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1600s - 1870s

# Legislative Records

 In recent years, knowing the Bill Number and Year, one may be able to see the background papers considered by the Legislature before passage (CALLED A "LEGISLATIVE HISTORY") since about 1950, but certainly since 1979.

## Civics 101



# Legislative History

 For example, House Bill 435 from 1983 for Lee-Barrington town line

# Legislative Records (1) HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

5445C 83-0967

HOUSE BILL NO.

4.35

INTRODUCED BY: Rep. Musler of Strafford Dist. 3

REFERRED TO: Municipal and County Government

AN ACT legalizing a certain marker placed along the boundary between the towns of Lee and Barrington.

#### ANALYSIS

This bill legalizes the placement of a stone marker along the boundary line between Lee and Barrington, as approved by both towns at their 1981 annual meetings.

5445C 83-0967 01

#### HB 435

#### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

In the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighty-three

AN ACT

legalizing a certain marker placed along the boundary between the towns of Lee and Barrington.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

1 Boundary Marker Legalized. The placement of a stone marker along the boundary line between the towns of Lee and Barrington, located at the edge of the New Hampshire route 125 right of way at coordinates north 242, 355.12, east 676, 210.82, as approved at the 1981 annual town meetings of the towns of Lee and Barrington, is hereby legalized, ratified and confirmed.

2 Effective Date. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

# Legislative Records (2)

#### HOUSE

Municipal and County Government

Minutes of Public Hearing March 30, 1983
Executive Session March 31, 1983

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{HB}}\xspace 435$  – legalizing a certain marker placed along the boundary between the towns of Lee and Barrington.

Sponsor - Rep. Musler of Strafford Dist. 3

Support - Rep. George Musler - Rep. Strafford Dist. 3 Selectman
Town of Barrington
Legalizing a marker to show the Lee-Barrington boundary.

Rep. Perry - moved Rep. Golden - 2nd

The committee voted ought to pass  $14\,-\,0\,$  - consent calender

Respectfully submitted,

JoAnn T. Mose, Clerk

1성성분부로 프로젝트가 되는 도로 무슨 가프를 토토하고 모르	=======================================	2000年2000年200日 200日 200日 200日 200日 200日	****				********
MUNICIPAL AND COUNTY	GOVERNMENT	1983 SESSION	1 ,			,	
House BILL # 435 ,	Legaliena		Co	nsen 1 +	+ 4	tend	Rum
of Lee and 1	Legalizing marker stand afor Barrington d 30, 1983	1 Che wounder	SEAT	YEAS	NAYS	OTHER	ABSENT
		Lamprey, George S.,V.Chm	2-99	V		_	
ECUTIVE SESSIONS: 3	73//83	King. Roger C. Day. Robert H. Gray. Leonard W.	5-36 2-92 3-39	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			
Appeared in favor	Appeared in opposition	Lawrence, John P. Perry, David M. Paradis, Aime H.	3-110 4-96 4-89	V		1	
		Jacobson, Alf E. Golden, Paul A. Grodin, Richard A.	1-32 3-49 4-27	V			
		Morse, JoAnn T. Reney, Everett R.	4-37 4-12 4-56	V			
		McIntire, Frank E. Cronin, Lawrence Drewniak, Dorothy J.	1-14 2-98	v			
		H <u>ealy, Walter</u> Clark, Eugene W.	2-35 3-11	V			
moved	Peary	Dupont, Helene R. Hamel, Paul J. Peters, Arnold W.	3-87 5-37 4-59	V		-	
Ind	Golden	Talbot, Armand D. Cressy, Ellen M.	3-100 2-72	<i>V</i>			
		Cressy, Ellen M.  Ought Pas  COMMITTED REPORT:		14.	- 0 		

# Legislative Records (3)

march 31, 1983

HB-435

no opposition - all voted Ought to Pass.

mored- Perry Ind- Golden Wareh 30, 1983

HB- 435

Selection - Reg - Strafford Dist 3 Selection - Town of Barring ton

musler- Legalizing a marker to show the Lee-Barrington Boundary.

## Legislative Records (4)

#### **SENATE**

SENATE

ORIGINALLY SCHEDULED FOR MAY 16, 1983. NO SHOW.

May 23, 1983 5:05pm

Public Affairs Committee

 $\mbox{HB}$  435 - legalizing a certain marker placed along the boundary between the towns of Lee and Barrington.

Committee Members Present:

Senators Podles, Bartlett and Stephen

Rep. Musler - Strafford D. 3: The RSA's as they currently stand allow the selectmen when they perambulate the bounds to place stakes along that bound. This was a bound that was placed in a stretch that was over one mile from one bound to the next. The concern that we had was getting the State's blessing on this action, even though we could plumk the bound in the ground since it was along a State Highway - we wanted to have something that all parties agreed to. The bound was placed there originally because it was housing development constructed and there was a question as to who had the right to tax the houses along the line. There were not enough bounds there to make a definite decision on it.

Sen. Podles: Could you get the committee letters from the towns of Lee and Barrington telling us that this has happened.

Rep. Musler: I would be happy to.

HEARING ADJOURNED 5:07 pm TOWN OF LEE, NEW HAMPSHIRE RFD 1, Durham, N. H. 03824

OFFICE OF THE SELECTMEN

May 23, 1983

Legislative Committee on Muncipal & County Government State House Concord, New Hampshire

Members of the Legislative Committee:

A section of the boundary between Lee and Barrington was in question. The boundary was surveyed and the survey approved by the selectmen of both towns.

In order to define the boundary more clearly it was decided by both towns to set an additional boundary stone. The bill before you is to authorize the setting of this stone by the legislature as we understand is necessary.

The selectmen of Lee support this bill.

Very truly yours,

Skirley M. Clark
Shirley M. Clark

allace E. De

Joseph P. Ford

BOARD OF SELECTMEN TOWN OF LEE, NEW HAMPSHIRE

# Legislative Records (5)

#### TOWN OF BARRINGTON NEW HAMPSHIRE

incorporated in 1722

OFFICE OF THE SELECTMEN COMMUNITY BUILDING STAR ROUTE BARRINGTON, NH 03825 Tel (603) 664-4007

May 24, 1983

To Representative George Musler

H.B. 435 - Legalizing a Certain Marker Placed Along the Boundary Between the Towns of Lee and Barrington.

This is to advise that based on the action taken by the 1981 Annual Town Meeting the current Barrington Board of Selectmen agrees with and supports the subject legislation.

P. R. Newhall Patricia Newhall

floored Mikable George Misler

L. L. Loule Charles Soule

Barrington Board of Selectmen

			Date	May 23, 1983	
	The Senate Committee on	Public A	ffairs		
	held its hearing in Room	101	Legislative	Office Building,	Concord, N.H.
House	Bill No. 435 Title: 1		a certain mar ns of Lee and		the boundary between
	Members of committee prese		Stephen		
	Those appearing in favor:				
	Name and Address		Repr	resenting	
	see attached				
	Those appearing in opposit	ion:			
	Name and Address		Repi	resenting	
	see attached				
	Report of Committee:				
	Ought to pass	XXXX (5/	25)	interim Study	
	Ought to pass w/amendment		(	Continued Hearing	
	Inexpedient to legislate		E	ostponed Hearing	

# Legislative Records (6)

	DATE 5/16	TIME
	DATE // C	
S E N A T E		COMMITTEE
	PUBLIC HEARING	
HB 435 - legalizing a certai laced along the boundary bet towns of Lee and Barrington	ON n marker ween the	
APPEARING IN FAVOR (PLEASE P	RINT)	
NAME	ADDRESS	REPRESENTING
Janton Centitor-	Any 430 Postology 11 H.	
APPEARING IN OPPOSITION: (PL	FASE PRINT)	
		·
		<del> </del>

Chapter 199

1998

198:2 Unregistered Dogs in Humane Societies, Amend RSA 466: (supp) as inserted by 1955, 84:1 as amended by striking out said section and inserting in place thereof the following:

198:3 Effective Date. This act shall take effect 60 days after its passagen

[Approved June 16, 1983.] [Effective Date August 15, 1983.]

#### CHAPTER 199 (HB 435)

AN ACT LEGALIZING A CERTAIN MARKER PLACED ALONG THE BOUNDARY BETWEEN THE TOWNS OF LEE AND BARRINGTON.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court

199:1 Boundary Marker Legalized. The placement of a stone marker along the boundary line between the towns of Lee and Barrington, located is the edge of the New Hampshire route 125 right of way at coordinates north 242, 355.12, east 676, 210.82, as approved at the 1981 annual town meetings of the towns of Lee and Barrington, is hereby legalized, ratified and confirmed

199:2 Effective Date. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

[Approved June 16, 1983.] [Effective Date June 16, 1983.]

#### CHAPTER 200 (HB 622)

AN ACT RELATIVE TO DISORDERLY CONDUCT.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

200:1 Disorderly Conduct. Amend RSA 644:2 as inserted by 1971, 518:1 by striking out said section and inserting in place thereof the following:

644:2 Disorderly Conduct. A person is guilty of disorderly conduct if:

I. He knowingly creates a condition which is hazardous to himself or, another in a public place by any action which serves no legitimate purpose; or II. He knowingly

(a) Engages in fighting or in violent, tumultuous or threatening behavior in a public place; or

## Legislative Records (7)

#### HB 435

#### RESUME

An act legalizing a certain marker placed along the Lee-Barrington Boundary

Through to the  $50\,\mathrm{^s}$ s, the area divided by the Lee - Barrington Town line was wooded and virtually undeveloped.

In the 60's people began to build housing close to the boundary between the towns. Little concern was raised as the <u>exact</u> location with respect to the town's line.

The attached diagram is provided to give committee members an idea of what we are about.

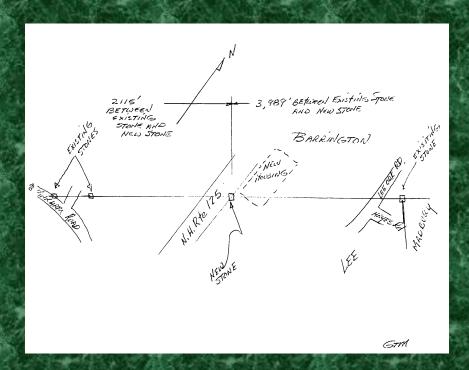
Unless civil engineers were present and at work "shooting the line" and "planting stakes" Town officials had no way of knowing the lines exact location with markers 6,000' apart.

Through the 70's legislation at the State level put emphasis on tax mapping and better identification of holdings in all of New Hampshire's cities and towns.

It was this "mapping" that resulted in three families receiving over lapping tax bills. In two cases land was the only issue. In a thrid situation issues of house and land and where children go to school were involved.

As a result of meetings between the two Boards of Selectmen in late 1980, it was agreed that the most sensible and economical way to settle matters was to ask each Town government to finance half the cost of having a civil engineer map the line and place a marker close to the development in question. As our diagrem shows, the new stone comes close to dividing the expanse between existing stones in half. Each Town government in their 1981 annual March meeting agreed with the proposed solution, allowing the necessary funds to be raised. The marker was placed and drawings completed by May 1981. We now ask the State's Legislature to give final approvel to our joint action thus helping to reduce the possibility of further confusion and controversy in an area ripe for development.



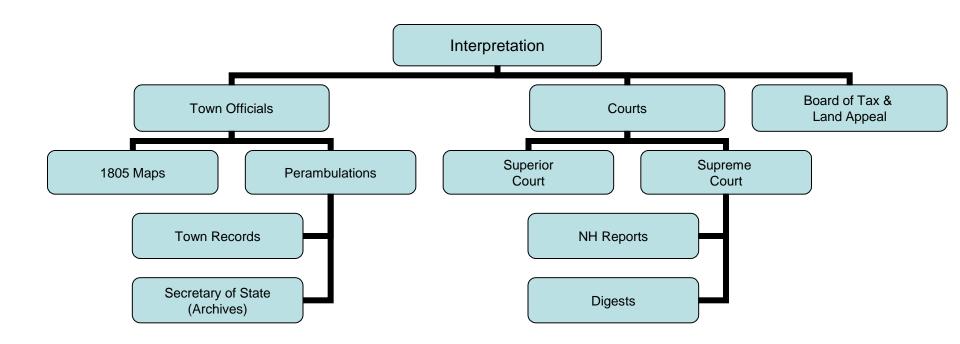


## Interpreting Town Lines

 It may be valuable to know how others have interpreted where the Town Line was since the time the Legislature created it.

### Who may interpret town lines

and where are their records?

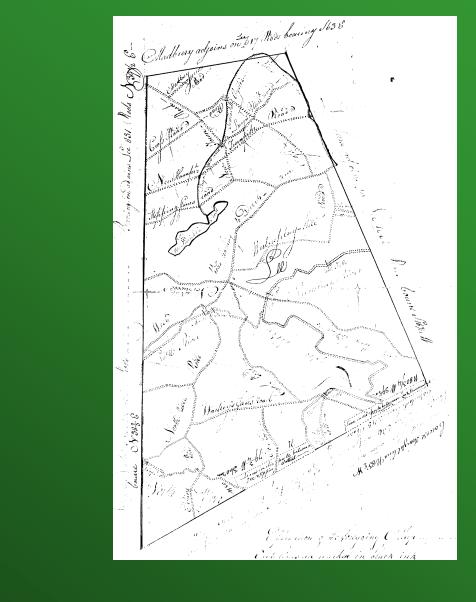


## 1805 Maps

- Act of 1803 [Chapter 53 approved December 30, 1803],
  requiring all towns to survey town lines and
  show exact limits of said towns by careful
  admeasurement, with a description of all public
  roads, rivers, falls, principal streams ponds lakes
  mountains at a scale of 200 rods to an inch and
  all disputed lines to be clearly so marked.
- Adams v. Stanyan (1852): prima facie evidence of true town lines



1805 Map of Jaffrey



1805 Map of Lee

#### Field book for 1805 Map of Lee

The Stepping Stones Road B. Calcond	Min
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The Stepping stommen began at	Beg
1 to Line - 200 11 M	of.
Barring 9 82 Rods to Cotton Oochhams H. f.	other
Barrington Line Barring to Cotton Vochhams H. A. Hence \$ 50 th 68 k to Thor Langley F. H. S. thence \$ 89 & 68 k to The Langleys H. L. Thence — 12 k to The Langleys H. L. Thence — 50 th to The Langleys H. L.	Hier
thence 189 1 18 K to The Langleys H. I.	then
Thence - 80	) -F
	ther
Thence In the from a throught Line from the	1. Hen
It's your Road to the Conten of the Turnepike	Her
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Thence -00 h- to crops to a og an chestey.	then
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the Jurnefull freals Kond & is 30 Rods doutherly	1 the
The Said broke Road is on a Streight Line from the Turnefike of the wol Chesleys House is on the west of said breaks Koad & is 30 Rods doutherly of the Flurnefik Road -	la.
theree 149 & 44 K to Aaron Hansons H. N.	H
theree day hall	There

### PERAMBULATION

(not PRE' ambulation)

<u>perambulate</u> [pəˈræmbjʊˌleɪt] verb

1 to walk about (a place)

2 [transitive] to walk round in order to inspect [ETYMOLOGY: 16th Century: from Latin perambulare to traverse, from per through + ambulare to walk]

per"ambu'lation noun
perambulatory [pəˈræmbjʊlətərɪ, -trɪ]
adjective

Source: The Collins English Dictionary © 2000 HarperCollins Publishers:

### Perambulations

 Returns are to be filed in the town books of each town party to the perambulation

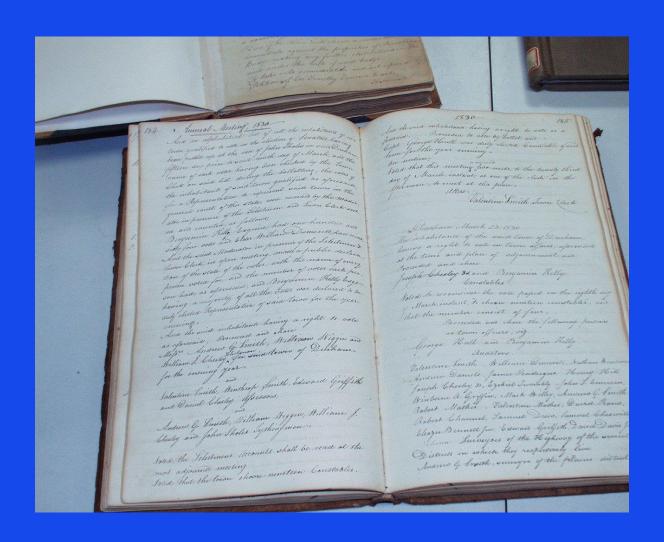
#### Town Records

- Town Vaults
- Town Libraries or Historical Societies
- New Hampshire State Archives
- New Hampshire State Library
   (microfilm of town records, up to [nominally] 1825)
- Published in New Hampshire State Papers (especially, volumes 11-13 and 24-29)
- Town Histories

#### Town Records



#### Town Record Books



### **Ancient Records of Towns**

 In 1913, the Sec of State was instructed by statute to have all town records prior to 1825 transported to the State capital, copied, indexed and originals returned. The copies are known as "Ancient Records of Towns, Parishes and other Divisions of the State of New Hampshire". Any individual having in their possession a document of historical value could also have that copied. These copies, according the 1913 statute, are considered competent evidence in NH Courts.

## Ancient Records (2)

 The original Records were copied by employees of the Department of State into volumes. The pagination is often different from the originals.

## Ancient Records (3)

 The Oscar Jewell collection of Road Layouts relied very heavily on the volumes of copied records.

## Ancient Records (4)

 The copied volumes were microfilmed by the Church of Latter Day Saints in the early 1950s. The microfilm and index is now found at the NH State Library (20 Park Street).



## Secretary of State

(New Hampshire State Archives)



 perambulations have been filed with the Secretary of State since 1969

#### Courts

Superior Court (trial court)
 one in each county (occasional second court building)

Supreme Court (appeals court)
 one for entire state

## **Superior Court**

- Records are all well dispersed
- Poorly indexed, generally
- No subject index
- Terms: Equity

Sessions

Civil

State

## Supreme Court

 an appeals court, and not trial court, so generally, one doesn't see "the records"

#### SOURCES

- New Hampshire Reports
  - Digests

## Digests

#### DIGEST OF CASES

DETERMINED IN THE

#### SUPREME COURT OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

FROM THE YEAR 1816 TO 1920, INCLUSIVE

AND REPORTED IN THE

New Hampshire Reports, Volumes I to LXXIX Inclusive Also, Including Smith's New Hampshire Reports

BY

CRAWFORD D. HENING

CONCORD, N. H.
PUBLISHED BY THE GOVERNOR AND COUNCIL
UNDER THE ACT. OF APRIL-1, 1913
1926

## New Hampshire Reports

REPORTS

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CASES

ARGUED AND DETERMINED

IN THE

SUPERIOR COURT OF JUDICATURE

0P

NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

BY WILLIAM L. FOSTER.

VOLUME IV.

CONCORD:
PUBLISHED BY G. PARKER LYON.
1854.

#### MERRIMACK,

JULY TERM, A. D. 1852.

#### Adams v. Stanyan.

Ancient maps of the towns of this State, made by the authority of the legislature, are prins fixing evidence of the tree lines between the several towns designated on the map, and are competent to be submitted to a jury, as tending to show the lines between the lands of individuals whose loss are bounded by the town lines.

Where maps made more than forty years since, by virtue of an act of the legishators, and purporting to contain accurate surveys of the town lines, were produced in evidence, from the color of the Screetary of State, nunccompanied by the coath of the surveyor who made them—lefd, that they were competent evidence, tending to show the true lines between the towns and the lots boundof by the town lines, without the statemory of the surveyor.

Perambulations of town lines are evidence in controversies between individuals whose lots are bounded by the lines perambulated.

Under the actof Pederany 8th, 1781, fower lines could be perambalated by the selectamen of the respective towns, or by such person or persons as they, in writing, should appoint; and where the electamen of two objinding towns appointed the same individuals to crue the line between them, and nothing appared to show that the proceedings of the percents on appointed were not in accordance with the statute—field, that their doings might be regarded as a perambalation between the owns.

The most of the proprietors of the town of R, purporting to be made in 1728, containing the proceedings of a mosting at that time, (via it did not appear that the was any notice or call for the meeting, or that it was day holden; another did the records appear to be standard to be up critic for recording officer, but they were produced by the town circle of R, who testified that they are produced by the town circle of R, who testified that they were delivered to him by this produces on 1600, together with the other records of the form,) are competent oridinous to-be submitted to a jury as the choings of the meeting.

The declarations of deceased persons, who were so situated as to have the means

MERRIMACK

Adams v. Stanyan.

of knowledge, and who had no interest to misrepresent, are competent evidence upon a question of boundary, whether the same pertain to public tracts or servate rights.

TRESPASS, quære elausum, for cutting and carrying away from the plaintiff's land, in Pembroke, a quantity of wood and timber. Plea, the general issue.

It appeared that the plaintiff owned land in the town of Pembroke, bounded by the line between Pembroke and Chichester, and adjoining land of the defendant. The defendant's land was also bounded by said line between the two towns; and the principal controversy between the parties was as to the true line between the force.

To show this the plainfit offered, among other oridence, a copy of a plan of Chichester, filed in the office of the Secretary of State by writtee of an act of the Legislature passed in 1803, providing for a map of the State to contain accurate descriptions. It was objected that the plan could not be used without evidence from the original surveyor, who, it appeared, was now living in Chickester. The copy was admitted, and the question such

The plaintiff also offered a copy of a plan of Pembroke, filed in the Secretary's office in pursuance of said act. On this copy was the following memorandum:

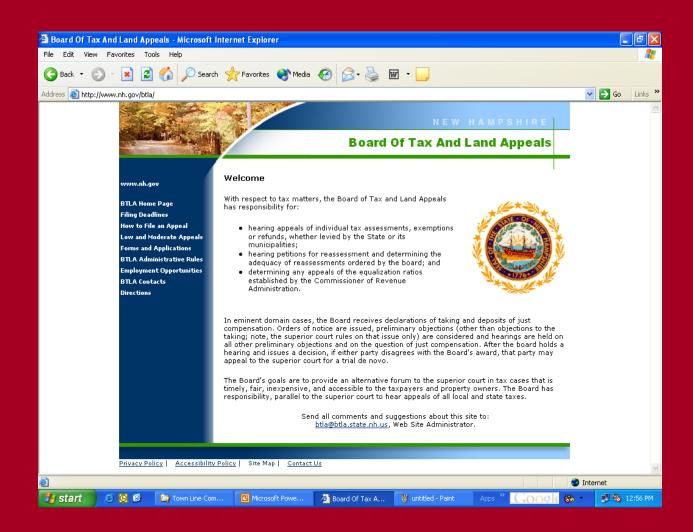
"This plan describes the town of Pembroke by an accurate survey and measurement, agreeable to the act of the legislature. "Signed, Samuel Noyes, Surveyor."

This copy was specially excepted to on account of this mem-

The plaintiff also introduced, subject to exception, the report of a committee to whom the subject of the line between the towns had been referred, by an agreement of the selections of Chichester and Penulveck. This report was made in October, 1819, and on the eighth hay of December following, the selectmen of the towns went on and permulvalated the line, and fixed in the same place that the committee had established. But it did not appear that the selections were substrated by any vote of the town to refer the matter, or that the town, after the report

## Board of Tax And Land Appeals

Bored of Tax and Land Appeals?

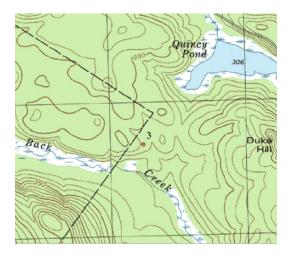


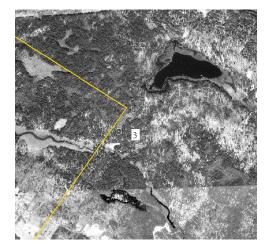
### Positional Data

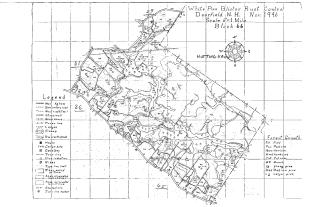
- General Maps
   USGS Quadrangles
- Aerial Photos
- Blister Rust Maps
- GIS/GPS
  - NGS
  - **GRANIT**

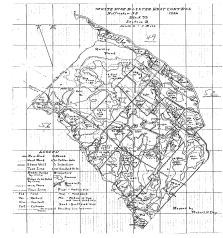
# Getting a Sense of where the bound will be found

**DEERFIELD – NOTTINGHAM** 

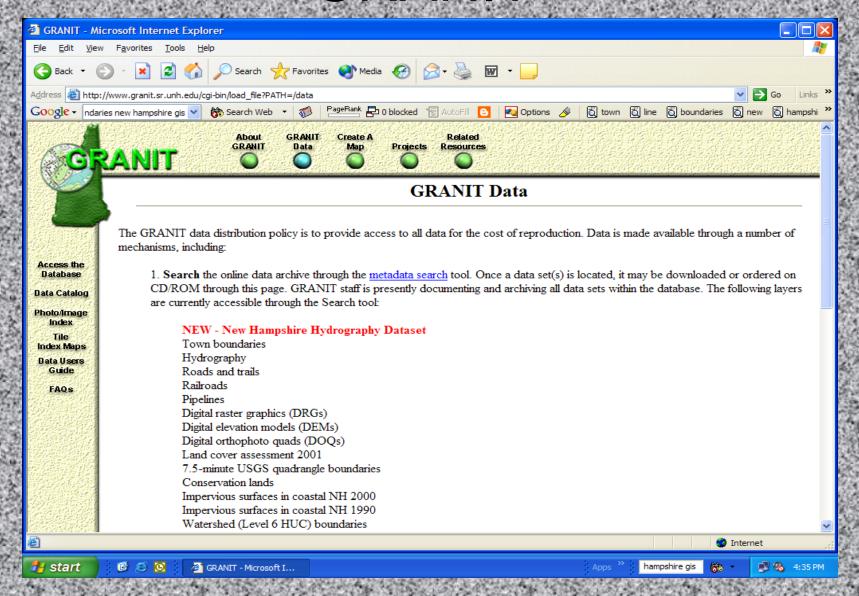


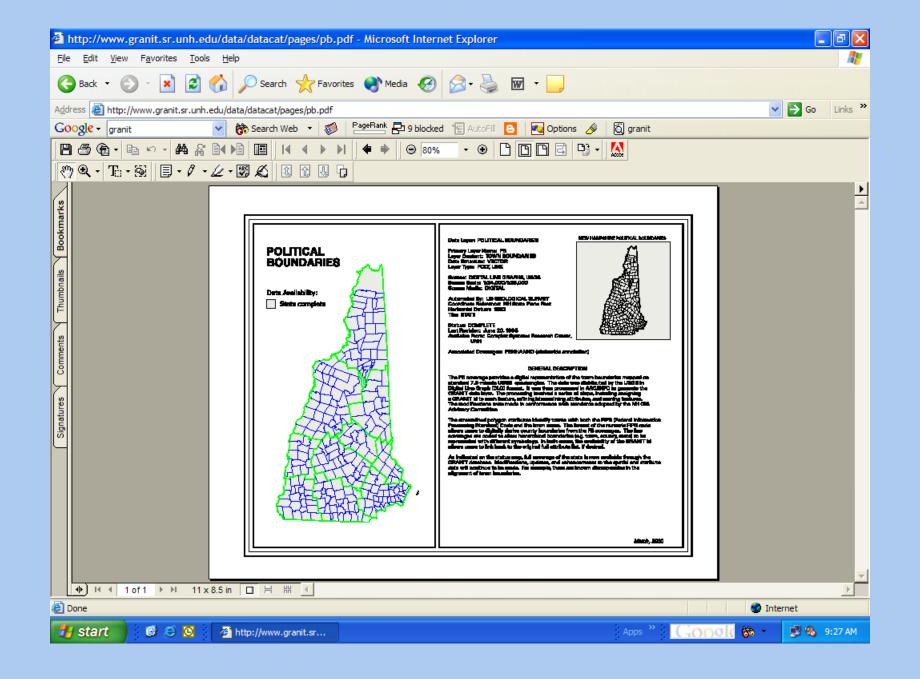






### **GRANIT**





### OTHER, Et Cetera, Miscellaneous ...

- Secretary of State
- Archives Miscellaneous
  - Weare Town Boundaries, 1934
  - New Hampshire-Maine Perambulation, 1962
  - Dover Town Lines (1962)
  - Gilmanton-Northfield Town Line (1822)

## OTHER, Et Cetera, Miscellaneous ... (2)

 Town of Merrimack recorded two survey plans of their boundaries in the Hillsborough County Registry of Deeds in the 1980's.

#### Review

- Town Lines are created by Legislature
  - usually follow existing property lines
  - Township grants, Masonic plans, Lotting Plans may help define the existing boundaries
  - Read the statutes that creates and amended the boundary
- Town Lines are interpreted by Selectmen, Courts, and BTLA
  - 1805 Maps, Perambulation Returns, Court Decisions
- Use your mind to think what records might be where, and follow them