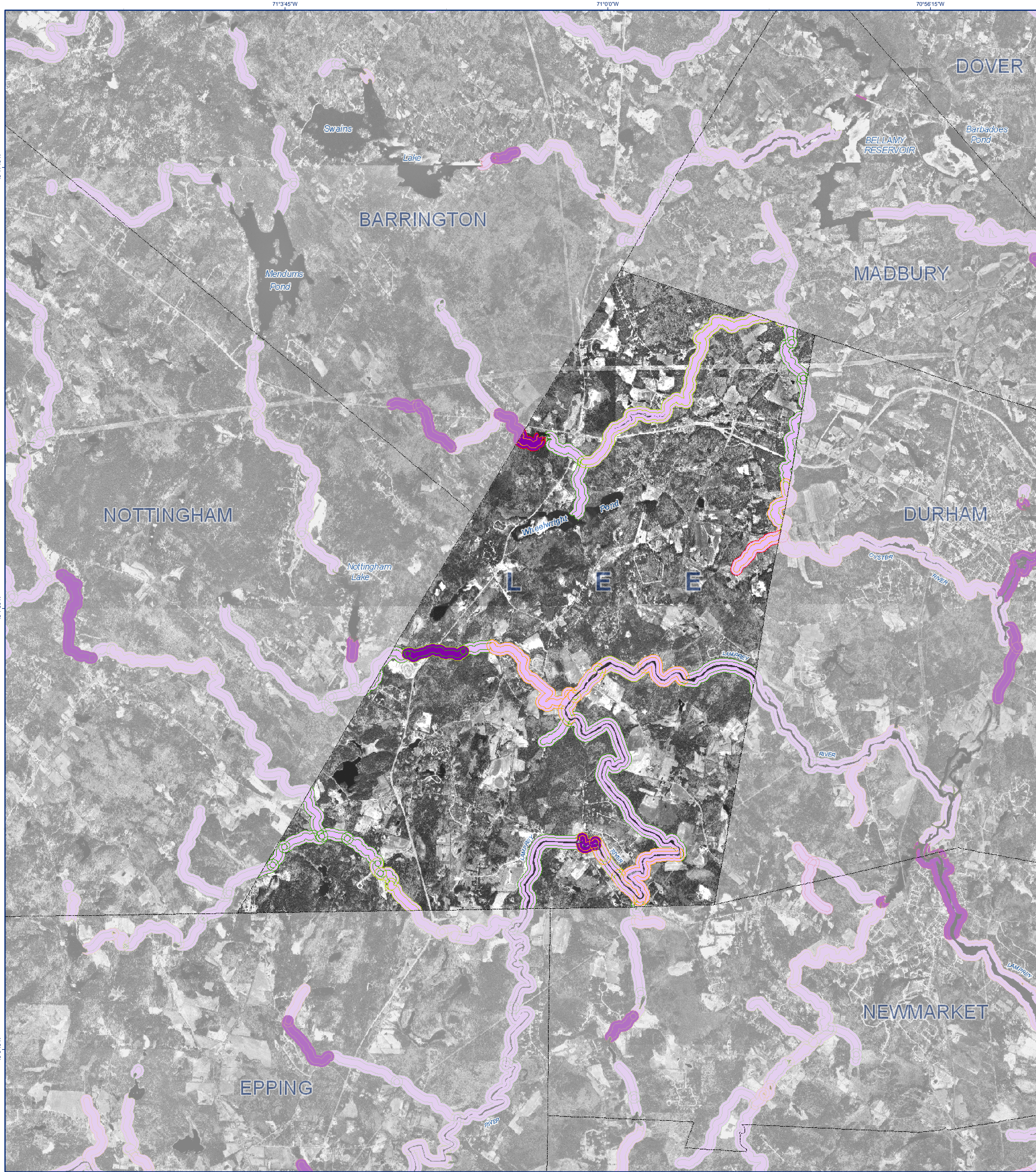


STREAM BUFFER CHARACTERIZATION STUDY



Town of Lee, NH

Project Description:

The Complex Systems Research Center at the University of New Hampshire conducted a characterization of 2nd order and higher streams within the Piscataqua/Coastal Basin of coastal New Hampshire. Existing GIS and remote sensing data were used to map a suite of anthropogenic factors, including land use, impervious surface coverage, and transportation infrastructure, with standard buffers around each stream segment. These factors were then analyzed to produce a categorical indicator representing the status of each stream.

based on the degree to which each buffer was impacted by human activity.

Specifically, the buffer categories reflect the percent of land area within each buffer mapped as either developed, transportation, or agriculture, and include:

Category
 Intact <10% impacted
 Mostly Intact 10-25% impacted
 Somewhat Modified 25-50% impacted
 Altered >50% impacted

Processing began using the GRANIT hydrography data to identify perennial streams/streams of order 2 or higher. Each stream segment was buffered by 150' to support water quality analyses and by 300' to support habitat analyses, and the buffers were then combined with land use data derived from 1998 USGS Digital Orthophotographs (DOQs). Finally, the buffer/land use composites were categorized

The buffer characterizations are depicted on the map and summarized in the tables below. The map also displays the 300' buffers based on the degree of imperviousness in 2005, and the townwide conservation lands data. Impervious surface coverage by town for 1990, 2000, and 2005, as well as conservation lands acreage by town, are also reported.

Stream Buffer Characterization

- Intact
- Mostly Intact
- Somewhat Modified
- Altered

Percent Impervious by 300-foot Buffer Segment

- Less Than 10%
- Greater Than 10%

Conservation Lands

- Level 1, 2, or 2A

150-ft Buffer Stream Characterization Data Summary

Town Name	Total Acres	Land Area		Surface Water Area		150' Buffer Area		Percent of Town Buffer Acreage Categorized as:			
		Acres	% of Town	Acres	% of Town	Acres	% of Town	Intact	Mostly Intact	Somewhat Modified	Altered
Total	759673	708144	93.2	51529	6.8	25279	3.6	2.3	0.7	0.4	0.2

Townwide Conservation Lands Data Summary

Town Name	Acres	Townwide Conservation Lands	
		% of Town	% of Land Area
Total	75596	10.0	10.7

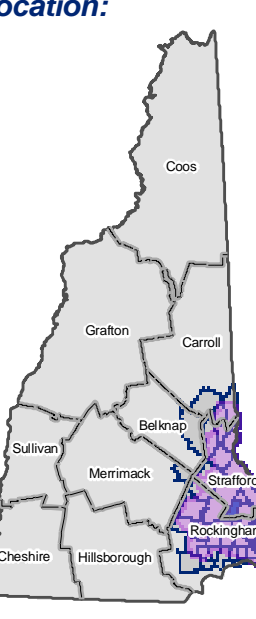
300-ft Buffer Stream Characterization Data Summary

Town Name	Total Acres	Land Area		Surface Water Area		300' Buffer Area		Percent of Town Buffer Acreage Categorized as:			
		Acres	% of Town	Acres	% of Town	Acres	% of Town	Intact	Mostly Intact	Modified	Altered
Total	759673	708144	93.2	51529	6.8	52037	7.3	3.9	1.6	1.3	0.6

Townwide Impervious Surface Data Summary

Town Name	Area 1990	Area 2000	Area 2005	Townwide Impervious Surface Coverage		
				% of Land Area	% of Land Area	% of Land Area
Total	4.4	6.4	7.5			

Map Location:



Map Notes:

- Stream reaches were identified, attributed, and buffered based on their flow direction to catchment outlets, which was derived from the National Hydrography Dataset (NHD) stream centerlines (2005). These procedures occasionally yielded very short stream segments and therefore relatively small buffers.
- Because only 2nd order and higher perennial streams were analyzed, some discontinuities exist in the input data set and thus in the buffers.
- At points of confluence and in other locations where buffers overlapped, the most impacted category was assigned to the overlap area.
- Data was processed for the Piscataqua/Coastal Basin, which includes all or part of 48 municipalities. Six of these towns - Alton, Derry, Hampstead, Pittsfield, South Hampton, and Wolfeboro - were not included in the printed map set as they have no streams that extend into the Watershed.
- Only 300' buffers were analyzed with respect to impervious surface data due to the 30-meter resolution of the source satellite imagery.
- Conservation lands shown on the map and summarized in the table include only those classified as permanently protected (Level 1, 2, or 2A) in the GRANIT database.

Data Sources:

- Stream Buffers were created from 1:24,000-scale National Hydrography Dataset (NHD) stream centerlines (2005)
 - Impervious Surface data was generated from Landsat 5 TM (30m resolution) imagery (1990, 2000, 2005)
 - Land Use data was created from 1998 USGS Digital Orthophotographs
 - Conservation Lands were based on April, 2006 version of GRANIT data layer
- Map by:**
 Complex Systems Research Center
 Institute for the Study of Earth, Oceans and Space
 University of New Hampshire, Durham
 June, 2006
- Institute for the Study of Earth, Oceans, and Space**
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- GRANIT**
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- New Hampshire Estuaries Project**
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